

The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXXIV--NO. 70.

INDIANAPOLIS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 11, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,185.

WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR WEDNESDAY--Fair weather; followed by falling barometer in eastern portion; slightly falling; followed by rising temperature in Ohio valley.

Extensive preparations are being made at our Factory for the Spring and Summer Trade, and when the season opens we will be in the lead regarding variety, quality and prices, at the

WHEN Clothing Store.

Rare Bargains now in Broken Lines in Every Department.

Cuticura

THE GREAT SKIN CURE.

My wife had a most annoying eruption make its appearance on the face of both hands about the first of last March. Supposed it was erysipelas. Several physicians saw it, some diagnosing it as above, others pronouncing it salt rheum. A great many domestic remedies were used, with no effect. The disease steadily grew worse. The prescriptions of three of our very best physicians were tried, with but little better results. The terrible itching was so great as almost to deprive her of sleep. After two months of this suffering she began the use of the Cuticura Remedy. What was the result? The first application of the Cuticura relieved the itching, and now after four months' daily use of them, her hands are sound and well. I doubt not if they had been employed at first a cure would have been effected in a short time.

DR. W. H. HALL, Druggist, Frankfort, Ky.

SCALP HEAD.

F. J. Truesdell, druggist, Cincinnati, O., reports a case as follows: The patient's head was almost a solid scab, and the dry scabs constantly falling off his head, making his shoulders white in a few hours. He suffered all the torment imaginable with his head, burning and itching and a terrible headache all the time. Took three bottles of Cuticura, used two boxes Cuticura and some Cuticura soap, and was cured. Head is entirely free from scabs as it was the day he was born. No more itching and burning, and no more headache. It seems almost incredible that anything so simple could do a case so quickly. The patient says you do not claim half enough for Cuticura.

DISFIGURING

Humors, Humiliating Eruptions, Itching Tortures, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and Infantile Eruptions, cured by the Cuticura Remedies. Cuticura Remedy, the new blood purifier, cleanses the blood and perspiration of impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removes the cause of the eruptions. Cuticura the great Skin Cure, instantly allays itching and inflammation, clears the skin and scalp, heals Ulcers and Sores, and restores the hair. Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier and Toilet Requisite, prepared from the same ingredients as Cuticura, is indispensable in treating Skin Diseases, Baby Humors, skin Eruptions, Chapped and Oily Skin. Cuticura Remedies are absolutely pure, and the only infallible Blood Purifiers and Skin Beautifiers.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

BABY Use Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier.

THE PIANO

Forget we have the renowned KNABE PIANOS In All Styles--Grand, Squares and Uprights.

Theo Pfaffin & Co.

83 and 84 North Pennsylvania St. Everett Pianos. Story & Clark Organs. Tuning, repairing and moving a specialty.

A FULL LINE

SPRING OVERCOATS

At \$5, \$8, \$10, \$12 and upwards can now be seen at the

MODEL

CLOTHING CO.

JUST RECEIVED--Full lines of Cassimere Hats, both high and low crowned.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

An Important Meeting of Cleveland's Cabinet--A Communication From Berlin.

An Era of Economy and Retrenchment Begun--Some Interesting Personal Items.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Cabinet Meeting--Reception--The Berger Case in Arizona--The New German Tariff, Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 10.--The Cabinet met promptly at noon, all the members being present. It is understood the session was devoted almost entirely to the consideration of Federal appointments. It is asserted on good authority that each member of the Cabinet submitted a list of appointments in his department, held to be essential to the administration of public business under the present regime. The lists, it is understood, included only such offices in which a change is desirable at once, in order that the new Secretaries might discharge the duties of their offices without the least friction or embarrassment. The deliberations of the Cabinet will probably result in a long list of nominations being sent to the Senate by the President to-morrow. At the close of the Cabinet meeting the President held a public reception, which lasted over an hour.

The President recognized Robert Smith as British consular agent of and for Eureka, Ariz. and Stockton, California, to reside at Eureka.

The Secretary of the Interior has received a telegram from the friends of Berger, who was ejected from the Papago Indian reservation of Arizona, requesting the withdrawal of the United States troops from the tract in dispute. The Secretary declined to grant the request, and declares the matter must remain statu quo until action is had by the United States Court upon the Government's appeal from the decision of the territorial court in Berger's favor.

The Mexican Veterans Association delegates to the Baltimore M. E. Conference are, were among those who paid their respects to President Cleveland this afternoon.

The Department of State received a dispatch from Kassel, the American Minister at Berlin, stating that the new German tariff on agricultural products has passed, to take effect immediately. Under this law the following duties will be collected, viz: Upon wheat, 3 marks; rye, 3 marks; buckwheat, 1 mark; barley, 1 mark, for 100 kilograms. Under the provisions of the treaty between the United States and Prussia, this country will be entitled to export rye to Germany under the most favored nation clause treaty at the old rate of 1 mark for 100 kilograms until June 30, 1887. Americans desiring to ship rye to Germany at the old rate of duty will be required to procure certificates of its American origin from the German Central office of export.

Some of the appointment clerks of the Department were kept up all night indexing applications for office, which came in by thousands. The pressure at the Postoffice and Interior Departments is very great. At the latter bureau applications are coming in at the rate of 200 a day.

Callers at the Executive Mansion, with a more or less disguised purpose of furthering the interest of applicants, continue to be very numerous, but are still promptly and politely referred to the various heads of the Departments, as the persons to whom all such persuasive utterances must now be addressed.

Retrenchment the Order of the Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10.--The National Republican will contain to-morrow an interview with Postmaster General Vilas, in which that gentleman is quoted as having said:

"The programme of the whole Cabinet is to select officials for their worth and value to the Government, and as having said further that 'the policy of the Administration is to bear out the civil service rules to the full extent in the management of the various departments. I shall enforce the rules here.'"

It is understood it is the intention of the President to reduce the clerical force at the White House, and to do away with the system of keeping an elaborate record of all business brought there.

In accordance with this proposed curtailment of the force, four employees of the Executive Mansion were today notified that after the 15th inst. their services would not be required. These are Henry C. Morton, Ohio; J. S. Bolway, Ohio; W. K. Duke, West Virginia; and O. L. Judd, telegraph operator, who received \$1,000 per annum.

Richard Smith, of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, and W. N. Haldeman, of the Louisville Courier Journal, arrived here this evening in a special car via the Chesapeake and Ohio Road.

Personal Notes.

SPECIAL TO THE SENTINEL.

WASHINGTON, March 10.--In Indiana circles to-day it was reported that ex-Representative Stocklager would be appointed First Comptroller of the Treasury. It is now filled by William Lawrence, of Ohio. It pays \$5,000 a year, and it is considered a first-class position, its duties being those of law offices, and Stocklager is considered well fitted for them.

Mr. and Mrs. Hendricks spent this evening at the White House upon an invitation of the President and Miss Cleveland. Mrs. Hendricks called upon Miss Cleveland on Saturday, and a warm friendship has sprung up between them.

Representative Brown, of Indiana, is on the sick list. He will probably start home on Friday.

He Was Satisfied.

WHEELING, W. VA., March 10.--William Brown, a prominent Democratic politician of Marion county, was eighty-nine years old Sunday, and celebrated the day by a dinner to which a number of friends were invited. Before sitting down to the feast he made a speech, saying that now the Democratic party was restored to power in the

land, he was prepared to die in peace. Half an hour later he was a corpse, having choked on a piece of meat, and strangled to death before any relief could be afforded.

THE RAILROAD STRIKERS.

The Militia Sent to Sedalia, Missouri; Also Pinkerton Troops--All Quiet, but the Strike Still Spreading.

MOORE, Mo., March 10.--Notwithstanding the Missouri Car and Foundry Company, who have leased the Wabash Railway shops here and will hereafter conduct them, have announced that they are ready to receive applications for labor, irrespective of past or existing troubles, not one of the men who struck some days ago, and have since been idle, have applied for work; although there is no doubt they could obtain from the Car Company as much or even better wages than they demand from the Railroad Company. They say they will not resume work till their former pay is restored to every workman on the whole Wabash system, and claim to have advice that by to-night or to-morrow every man on the Wabash Railway will be on a strike.

Business is almost at a standstill, and the outlook is gloomy. No riotous demonstration, however, has been made to the present time. The strikers, though determined, have manifested no disposition to destroy property.

It is said the Missouri Pacific Company has hired a number of Pinkerton detectives and sent them up the Sedalia arm with Winchester rifles to protect property till the troops arrive.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 10.--The strikers to-day declined to offer no interference with the movement of trains on the Wabash Road, it being under the protection of the Federal Court. That road is, consequently, running freight as well as passenger trains. The Missouri Pacific passenger trains are not interfered with, but no freight are permitted to leave. The City Council this afternoon resolved to have a reserve police force in readiness in case they should be needed.

United States Marshal Motie is prepared to protect Wabash property, though he does not anticipate his interference will be necessary. The strikers manifest no disposition to violence, but are firm in their demand of a restoration of wages to the scale of last October.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 10.--Governor Martin has no intention of calling out the militia on account of the Missouri Pacific Railroad strike at Atchison. He has, however, telegraphed members of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners to meet him at Atchison to-morrow, to endeavor to effect an arbitration of the strike.

ATCHISON, Kan., March 10.--There is no change in the Missouri Pacific situation here. Striking shop men still hold possession of the shops and locomotives, and are preventing the moving of freight trains. The road officials are awaiting developments at other localities on the line of the road. No effort is being made to have the Governor call out the militia, as it does not appear to be necessary.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 10.--Some 200 men employed in the Missouri Pacific shops here held a meeting to-night to discuss the situation and consult as to what is best for them to do under the circumstances. The meeting was private and the result is unknown, except that an Executive Committee was appointed and final action deferred until to-morrow, when another meeting will be held.

A committee from Sedalia was present.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 10.--Governor Ireland this evening issued a proclamation bearing upon the proposed strike of the men in North Texas calling upon all peace officers, County and District Attorneys, and others, to be vigilant in seeing that all classes of persons and properties are protected and the law enforced. The Governor says if any case is brought against the strikers, he will not hesitate to call out the militia, and the remedy should be sought through the Legislature and other peaceful methods.

DALLAS, Tex., March 10.--The section hands here, employed on the Texas Pacific, struck this morning on the invitation of countrymen who passed through on a passenger train, and drew the fire from three engines. The company will attempt to recover the engines to-morrow and begin moving a number of idle trains.

A call was issued to-night by the friends of labor for a mass meeting on Thursday, the object of raising funds to assist strikers at other points, who are reported suffering from breadstuffs. Bloodshed is apprehended if the company attempts to move trains with small force.

EL PASO, Tex., March 10.--The yard shops here are now in possession of Sheriff Davis and deputies, who took out several trains to-day. The strikers have been excluded from the yard. At Marshall to-day the county and city officials were notified by the railroad company that if the court authorities do not intervene to break up the strike and prevent the stopping of trains the company will hold the county liable for damage arising from the interruption of business. On receipt of the notice the County Judge interviewed a committee of strikers, who assured the Judge no violence was contemplated. The civil authorities thereupon decided not to interfere. This is regarded as a victory for the strikers, who remain quiet and firm.

PANORAMA, Kas., March 10.--The strikers on the Missouri Pacific remain firm. They have been very quiet to-day. It is rumored to-night that they have ordered all engines and men along the line as far south as Muskogee to come to Parsons for protection, and also that after to-morrow no passenger trains will be permitted to pass except an engine and mail car. This morning Superintendent Golden and Sheriff Lamson attempted to fire up an engine to take out a freight train, but were not permitted to do so.

DENVER, Colo., March 10.--The strike goes on as usual. Sheriff Douglas to-day took an engine out of the round-house and proceeded a short distance, when he was stopped by the strikers, who disabled the engine. Douglas afterward left town. The strikers are quiet but very determined. At Mineola the situation is unchanged. No freight trains are moving.

An Armistice.

SEDALIA, Mo., March 10.--The troops from St. Louis were brought to Centertown, within fifty miles of Sedalia, where they now are quartered in the cars. Late to-night an armistice was agreed upon until the 12th of March, at which time the strikers are to have an answer. Governor Marmaduke and General Jameson are to act as mediators, and see what, if any, compromise can be made.

FROM OVER THE SEA.

The Russo-Afghan Frontier Question Still Engrosses the Attention of the World.

Arrest of the Dynamiter's Counsel--The Hauling Down of England's Flag at Victoria.

AFGHANISTAN.

Russians Still Advancing.

LONDON, March 10.--The Pall Mall Gazette says it believes in the correctness of the news received last evening to the effect that the Russians advanced their outposts in Zaidkar Pass further south, instead of withdrawing north, as requested by England. The Gazette states that there can be no doubt that grave fears are entertained of a collision between the Russian and Afghan troops, as this last advance placed the opposing outposts face to face, and hastened the Russians much nearer Afghan territory.

Save Not Delicately Replied. LONDON, March 10.--The Government has not yet received a definite reply from the Russian Government to their latest overtures for an amicable adjustment of the Afghan frontier dispute.

A Detachment of Russians Advanced. LONDON, March 10.--Sir Peter Ennals telegraphs via Meshed: "Afghan scouts report a small detachment of Russians as having advanced to Nihalsheh, the furthest southwest point on the Hel-rud, claimed for the Russian frontier. The advance does not complicate the work of delimitation, but endangers a collision with the Afghans."

CALCUTTA, March 10.--The Government House has ordered the Indian Railway Company to report upon its facilities for rapid transportation.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Counsel Guiltless as a Dynamiter.

LONDON, March 10.--Guilliam, of Liverpool, senior counsel for the defense in the high treason felony case against Cunningham and Burton, was last night arrested on suspicion of being a dynamiter. Guilliam had been at the Bow Street Police Court during a large portion of the day, in company with Stephen J. Meany, of New York, looking after the interests of his clients.

At the time of his arrest Guilliam and friends were about the Board of Trade, at Mark Lane, near the Bank. His companion carried a black traveling bag, similar to those that have so frequently figured in dynamite trials. Detectives noticed the two men and followed them for some time before arresting them. But when they saw the men going with the black bag toward the railway train, officers stepped up and took them into custody.

Extracts From General Gordon's Letters.

LONDON, March 10.--MacMillan & Co. publish a number of interesting letters from General Gordon to an intimate friend, Rev. Mr. Barnes. In a letter dated February, 1884, while on his way to Khartoum, Gordon says: "I arrived at Abu Hamed in safety. There is a terrible desert between Korosko and Abu Hamed. It is the worst in the Sudan. The cold was intense at night and the heat intense by day." The letters throughout are strongly religious in tone. In one letter he narrates: When I was at Brussels General Wolsley telegraphed me to come over to London at once. King Leopold was aware of my going. I reached London at 10 o'clock last morning and saw Wolsley at 8 o'clock. Wolsley said nothing had been settled, but the ministers would see me in the afternoon. At noon Wolsley accompanied me to the meeting. He entered the room first, covered with the ministers and returned, saying: "Her Majesty's Government want you to understand they have determined to evacuate the Sudan because they are unwilling to guarantee its future government. Will you go and do it?" I replied, "Yes." Wolsley said, "Go in." On entering the room the ministers said, "Did General Wolsley tell you our orders?" I replied, "Yes; you will not guarantee the future government of the Sudan, and wish me to go up and evacuate the country now." They replied, "Yes." Very little more passed between us. I started for Calais at the same evening. The Duke of Cambridge and General Wolsley came to see me off.

The Hauling Down of the British Flag.

LONDON, March 10.--In the Lords, Granville said neither the English nor German Cabinet was aware that the British flag had been hauled down by Germans in Victoria. The most friendly negotiations were in progress between Germany and England in regard to colonial interests.

In the House of Commons this afternoon Gladstone, in speaking on the same subject, said if the report was true, complications were not likely to arise, as the matter would be amicably adjusted by the governments concerned.

What Made Her Crazy.

LONDON, March 10.--Lord Durham's suit for divorce on the ground of his wife's insanity was to-day dismissed, with costs against Durham. Sir James Hansen, in rendering the decision, declared that the respondent loved another, and censured her family for arranging the marriage with his lordship.

Mary Anderson's Engagement.

LONDON, March 10.--Mary Anderson will terminate her engagement at the Lyceum Theater on April 30. During the concluding weeks she will reproduce "Lady of Lyons," "Galatea" and "Comedy and Tragedy."

Public Worship Bill.

PARIS, March 10.--The Chamber of Deputies concluded the debate upon the Public Worship bill estimates. Notwithstanding the government rejected almost all the Senate amendments, the reduction of the sti

pends of the Archbishop of Paris, the Algerian Bishops and clergy were maintained; also motions for the suppression of the emoluments of Canons and the vote for seminary scholarships.

Germany Will Make Reparation.

LONDON, March 10.--Count Von Munster to-day officially informed Earl Granville that Germany recognizes Victoria, a colony of West Africa, as British territory. He stated that the German government had no confirmation of the hauling down of the British flag and the substitution of the German flag. If the report be confirmed, Germany would hasten to disavow its agent's action, and make any reparation necessary.

Second American Concert.

LONDON, March 10.--At the second American concert, under the direction of Mr. Louis Melbourne, a special feature of the concert was the debut of Miss Alice Lakey, of New York, who achieved an enviable success. Miss Lakey, who has a strong soprano voice, had already foreshadowed her success in public by her singing in the houses of artists and literary celebrities.

Retaliating Measures.

VIENNA, March 10.--Austria and Hungary have decided to follow Germany's example in raising the duties on foreign grains, and bills increasing the duties on cereals have been introduced in the Austrian and Hungarian Chambers. These bills, however, mainly affect articles imported from Germany and France.

McCabe's Successor.

DUBLIN, March 10.--Ray, Dr. Walsh, President of the Maynooth College, has been elected Archbishop of Dublin, to succeed the deceased Archbishop McCabe. Walsh is a moderate home ruler, and his selection pleases the Parnellites.

El Mahdi's Fears.

Khartoum, March 10.--Natives arriving here to-day report that the reason for El Mahdi leaving Khartoum is he fears that he will be assassinated by some of the many enemies jealous of his successes, and who take this mode of doing away with their rival.

Edmund Yates Released.

LONDON, March 10.--Edmund Yates, editor of the World, was released from prison this morning.

Shelbyville Items.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., March 10.--A dispatch was received here this evening from the Chief of Police at Cincinnati, saying that Jerry Woodruff, who stabbed Will Allen here several months ago and made his escape, was in custody in that city. Marshal Lerry's went down after him to-night. Woodruff was assisted in the bloody deed by a prostitute named Lide Miller, who escaped with him at the time, but was afterwards recaptured at Indianapolis and sent the Female Reformatory for three years. Had Woodruff been captured the night of the cutting, there is no question but that he would have been mobbed.

Joe Hugel, a well known saloon keeper,

was arrested last night on a charge of receiving stolen goods, and gave \$500 bonds for his appearance.

Illinois Senatorial Struggle.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 10.--In joint assembly 101 Senators and Representatives answered roll call. Streator voted for John C. Black. Adjourned till noon to-morrow. It is generally expected a vote of both Senate and House will be taken to-morrow on both sides are preparing for the contest, and exciting scenes are expected. One prominent Democrat stated to-night he expected there would be a break on one side or the other soon, perhaps to-morrow.

It is reported here to-night that Senator

Bridge is failing fast, and his death is expected at any time. It is said he is unconscious. Bridge is a Democrat, and his death would offset that of Representative Logan, Republican, making the Legislature a tie again on joint ballot.

Western Base Ball League Schedule.

ST. LOUIS, March 10.--The Schedule Committee of the Western Base Ball League, composed of T. J. Loftus, of Milwaukee; W. H. Watkins, Indianapolis; and L. B. Sullivan, Kansas City, have been in session here all day, and concluded their labor to-night. According to the schedule arranged by them the St. Paul Club will open with Kansas City April 10 at Kansas City, the Milwaukee at Indianapolis and the Cleveland at Toledo. On July 4 St. Paul will be at Kansas City, Indianapolis at Milwaukee and Toledo at Cleveland.

This provides for only six clubs, but Minneapolis may yet be taken in. The committeemen will leave for home to-morrow morning.

The Miners' Great Strike.

PITTSBURGH, March 10.--The great strike of miners inaugurated yesterday is likely to prove of short duration and a brilliant victory for the miners. Four of the largest operators in the district have already conceded the price.

The strike of the coal miners is growing, and to-day it has become almost general. Some operators who are said to be paying the advance Jan. 1. Gray & Bell, of Saw Mill Run, have agreed to pay three cents, as demanded by the men. At a meeting to-night of the fourth pool miners all agreed to strike except the Alpeville miners.

Must Attend Morning Prayers.

BOSTON, March 10.--The President and faculty of Harvard College vote they can not grant the petition of 930 graduates, who ask that attendance at morning prayers be made voluntary for under-graduates, twenty-one years old and over, and optional according to the wishes of parents or guardians for under-graduates under twenty-one years.

Nellie Horan's Trial.

RIKHOEN, Wis., March 10.--Not until to-day, which was the thirteenth day of the trial, did the prosecution rest in the case of Nellie Horan. The defense immediately moved for the exclusion of the evidence of the Milwaukee chemist, and also for a nonsuit, but both were overruled. The defense then rested its case. The jury will be

charged to-morrow morning. The course taken by Miss Horan's attorneys is a complete surprise to everybody.

Terrible Explosion of Nitro-Glycerine.

CLEVELAND, March 10.--The citizens of Bradford, Pa., were startled to day by a terrible explosion, which shook the houses in all parts of the town. Inquiry revealed the fact that the nitro-glycerine factory of the Rock Glycerine Company, located at Howard Junction, three miles away, had been the scene of a terrible casualty. A magazine containing 600 pounds of glycerine had exploded, and W. H. Herrington, one of the proprietors, and R. V. Pratt, an employee, were killed. A factory twenty-five feet away was blown into fragments. Pratt's body was found 200 feet away. All his bones were broken but his skin was intact. Herrington weighed 190 pounds. One or two pieces of flesh was the only trace that could be found of him. Trees were torn up by the roots and great holes made in the earth. Loss, \$5,000.

The Death Bell.

SPECIAL TO THE SENTINEL.

ANGOLA, Ind., March 10.--Mrs. Hannah Powers, aged seventy-one years, died here yesterday. She was the relict of the late Hon. Clark Powers who came to this county in 1850, and was, in 1854, a Democratic member of the Indiana Legislature. Previous to his settling here he was a Captain in the Eleventh Infantry Regiment of the Twenty-fourth Brigade of the State of New York, receiving his commission from Governor William M. Marcy.

A Verdict of Guilty.

CONNEYSVILLE, Ind., March 10.--The jury in the case of Joseph Thomas, of Liberty, for sending obscene letters, came in to night, after thirty hours deliberation, with a verdict of guilty and \$5 fine.

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, March 11--a. m.

For the Tennessee and Ohio Valley--Fair weather, followed in Tennessee by local rains, variable winds, generally northeasterly, falling barometer in the western portion; rising, followed by falling barometer in the eastern portion, slightly colder in Tennessee, falling, followed by rising temperature in the Ohio Valley.

For the Upper Lake Region--Fair weather in the southern portion, partly cloudy weather, local rains in the northern portion, winds shifting to southeasterly, falling barometer, generally warmer.

Senator Bayard's Horse Purchase.

[Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.] One of the liveliest recollections I have of the Senator from Delaware--and it is a home-ly one--takes me back to the fall of 1880, and the Middletown Agricultural Fair. It was the last day of the trotting meeting. There was a big crowd, and Republicans and Democrats huddled together in the friendliest kind of way. Senator Bayard was there with his head-dress Dick Harrington, whose death a month ago provoked general regret throughout the State; the Salsburgs and the rank and file of Delaware's political lights. The Senator had a seat in the judges' box. Among the horses entered for the first race was a big, raw-boned animal, with long ears and an abnormal development of leg length. His owner was a Sussex man, and had dubbed the rack "Tom Bayard." The Senator took an immediate interest in that horse. He seemed to be proud of his raw-boned namesake. When his equally raw-boned rider drew him up for the start the Senator leaned over the balustrade, and, adding to the jockey, told him to "let him out for all he's worth," as "Tom" was the horse he was going to put his money on. The old rack got off with a clean start, winning the three heats with an ease that provoked admiration of the crowd. The Senator was delighted. "Bravo!" he cried, clapping his hands like a school boy. And then he sat down and laughed, while the raw-boned jockey hurried his deceptive bob under a bridge of falling fast, and his death is expected at any time. It is said he is unconscious. Bridge is a Democrat, and his death would offset that of Representative Logan, Republican, making the Legislature a tie again on joint ballot.

Two Veterans at the Dedication.

[Washington Letter to Cleveland Leader.]

Bancroft and Corcoran formed a noted sight as they sat together at the dedication ceremonies. When the corner-stone was laid Bancroft was Secretary of the Navy, and Corcoran had just left the Government the money to carry on the Mexican War. Now, a full generation later still active, and still workmen, they are present at this finishing. The contrast between the two men is interesting. Bancroft is so thin that the wind would apparently blow him away. Corcoran is so heavy that he could withstand a blizzard. Bancroft's cheeks are hollow, his eyes sunken, and his hair is as white as the newest of frosted silver. Corcoran's cheeks are full, his face large, and his eyes, like his mouth, strong and rather fierce. Bancroft, the son of a preacher, started life with literary ambition, and he has attained it. Corcoran, the son of a shoemaker, resolved to become wealthy, and he is now perhaps the richest of this city of millions. Bancroft cares but little for his personal appearance. Corcoran is rather a dude, and he looks as though he had come out of a bandbox. Both of these great men live on H Street within a stone's throw of the White House. Corcoran has a palace, and Bancroft has a library which he would not trade for it. Both have succeeded in their ambitions, and both will probably live in history.

Tom Hendricks in Washington.

[Washington Special.]

Mr. Hendricks is the same Tom Hendricks. He starts to walk down the street, and at every corner somebody stops to shake hands with him and congratulate him that he has lived to see the fraud of 1876 executed on every hand. The President was much gratified by Mr. Hendricks' prompt call on him, and they had a regular friendly h. knob together after the manner of two honest men. Mrs. Hendricks has kept very close to Willard's Hotel, although she receives all visitors cordially, and she means to keep very close and quiet too. The mischief makers made up a yarn that she wanted to run the social part of the administration, and Mrs. Hendricks has intimated that it will not take long for that canard to die of inanition.

His Greatest Fame.

[Philadelphia Call.] Alas! alas! that this country should lose the only President it ever had whose pants never begged at the knees.